## 30.607

shall preclude payment of aggregate increased costs by disallowing costs on flexibly-priced contracts.

- (A) The CFAO may, in consultation with the affected contracting officers, increase or decrease individual contract prices, including costs ceilings or target costs on flexibly-priced contracts. In such cases, the CFAO shall limit any upward contract price adjustments to affected contracts to the amount of downward price adjustments to other affected contracts, *i.e.*, the aggregate price of all contracts affected by a noncompliance that involves cost accumulation shall not be increased (48 CFR 9903.201–6(d)).
  - (B) Shall require the contractor to—(1) Correct contract cost accumula-
- tions in the contractor's cost accounting records to reflect the contract price adjustments; and
- (2) Adjust interim payment requests (public vouchers and/or progress payments) and final vouchers to reflect the contract price adjustments.
- (6) When contract adjustments are made, the CFAO shall—
- (i) Execute the bilateral modifications if the CFAO and contractor agree on the amount of the cost impact and the adjustments (see 42.302(a)(11)(iv));
- (ii) When the CFAO and contractor do not agree on the amount of the cost impact or the contract adjustments, issue a final decision in accordance with 33.211 and unilaterally adjust the contract(s).
- (d) Alternate methods. (1) The CFAO may use an alternate method instead of adjusting contracts to resolve the cost impact, provided the Government will not pay more, in the aggregate, than would be paid if the CFAO did not use the alternate method and the contracting parties agree on the use of that alternate method.
- (2) The CFAO may not use an alternate method for contracts when application of the alternate method to contracts would result in—
- (i) An under recovery of monies by the Government (e.g., due to cost over-
- (ii) Distortions of incentive provisions and relationships between target costs, ceiling costs, and actual costs for incentive type contracts.

- (3) When using an alternate method that excludes the costs from an indirect cost pool, the CFAO shall—
- (i) Apply such exclusion only to the determination of final indirect cost rates (see 42.705); and
- (ii) Adjust the exclusion to reflect the Government participation rate for flexibly-priced contracts and subcontracts. For example, if there are aggregate increased costs to the Government of \$100,000, and the indirect cost pool where the adjustment is to be effected has a Government participation rate of 50 percent for flexibly-priced contracts and subcontracts, the contractor shall exclude \$200,000 from the indirect cost pool (\$100,000/50% = \$200,000).

## 30.607 Subcontract administration.

When a negotiated CAS price adjustment or a determination of noncompliance is required at the subcontract level, the CFAO for the subcontractor shall furnish a copy of the negotiation memorandum or the determination to the CFAO for the contractor of the next higher-tier subcontractor. The CFAO of the contractor or the next higher-tier subcontractor shall not change the determination of the CFAO for the lower-tier subcontractor. If the subcontractor refuses to submit a GDM or DCI proposal, remedies are made at the prime contractor level.

## PART 31—CONTRACT COST PRINCIPLES AND PROCEDURES

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